

Printed Pages : 3



NMCAE14

(Following Paper ID and Roll No. to be filled in your Answer Book)

**PAPER ID : 214435**

Roll No.

--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

**M. C. A.**

(SEM. IV) THEORY EXAMINATION, 2014-15  
**COMPUTER NETWORKS**

Time : 3 Hours]

[Total Marks : 100

**Note :** Attempt all questions. All questions carry equal marks.

**1 Attempt any four parts of the following : 5×4=20**

- (a) Describe the TCP/IP protocol suite in brief.
- (b) What does the Nyquist theorem have to do with communication ?
- (c) Define a switch. List the three conventional switching methods.
- (d) List the layers of the Internet model.
- (e) What do you understand by network topology ? Compare and contrast different network topologies used in LAN.
- (f) Explain baud rate with a suitable example. If a binary signal is sent over a 30 kHz channel whose signal-to-noise ratio is 20 dB. What is the maximum achievable data rate ?

**2 Attempt any two parts of the following : 10×2=20**

- (a) Answer each question :
- (i) What is IEEE 802.11 standard ?
  - (ii) Compare and contrast CSMA/CD with CSMA/CA.
- (b) Which of the following CRC generators guarantee the detection of a single bit error ?
- (i)  $x + 1$
  - (ii)  $x^2 + 1$
- (c) Answer each question :
- (i) How does the Ethernet address 1A : 3B : 4C : 6D : 2E : 1F appear on the line binary ? Explain.
  - (ii) Define and explain the type of the following destination address :  
FF:FF:FF:FF:FF:FF

**3 Attempt any two parts of the following : 10×2=20**

- (a) Describe and compare the following two approaches to congestion handling :
- (i) The token bucket algorithm
  - (ii) Hop-by-hop choke packets
- (b) A computer on a 6-Mbps network is regulated by a token bucket. The token bucket is filled at a rate of 1 Mbps. It is initially filled to capacity with 8 megabits. How long can the computer transmit at the full 6 Mbps ?
- (c) Describe hamming code. How it is used for error detection and correction ? Illustrate with the help of a suitable example.

**4 Attempt any two parts of the following : 10×2=20**

- (a) What is UDP ? What is the maximum and minimum size of a UDP datagram ? Also discuss the use of UDP.
- (b) The following is the dump of a TCP header in hexadecimal format :
- ```
05320017 00000001 00000000 500207FF
00000000
```
- (i) What is the sequence number ?
- (ii) What is the destination port number ?
- (iii) What is the acknowledgment number ?
- (iv) What is the window size ?
- (c) What is cryptography ? Differentiate between symmetric key cryptography and asymmetric-key cryptography.

**5 Attempt any two parts of the following : 10×2=20**

- (a) Discuss the following :
- (i) RSA Algorithm
- (ii) Transport Layer Security
- (b) What is MIME ? Explain standard content-Types of MIME in detail.
- (c) Write short notes on any of the following :
- (i) FTP
- (ii) IP Sec
- (iii) VDN