

(Following Paper ID and Roll No. to be filled in your Answer Book)

PAPER ID : 9615 Roll No. 

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M. C. A.

(Second Semester) Theory Examination, 2010-11

COMPUTER BASED NUMERICAL &amp;

STATISTICAL TECHNIQUES

Time : 3 Hours]

[Total Marks : 100

Note : Attempt all questions.

**Section-A**All parts of this question are compulsory :  $2 \times 10 = 20$ 1. Pick the correct answer of the choice given below :(a) If a number is correct to  $n$  decimal places, the error is equal to :

(i)  $10^{-n}$

(ii)  $\frac{1}{2}10^{-n}$

(iii)  $10^{-n+1}$

(iv)  $\frac{1}{2}10^{-n+1}$

(b) In the Simpson's one-third rule the curve  $y=f(x)$  is assumed to be a :

(i) Circle

(ii) Parabola

(iii) Hyperbola

(iv) None of these.

(b) Distinguish between  $p$ -chart,  $np$ -chart and  $c$ -chart of statistical quality control.

(c) Discuss advantages and disadvantages of moving average method used for estimation of trend values.

(c) The Gauss-Seidal method gives results faster when the pivotal elements are :

- (i) Smaller than other coefficients
- (ii) Larger than other coefficients
- (iii) Equal to other coefficients
- (iv) None of these.

(d) If  $\Delta$  and  $\nabla$  are the forward and backward difference operators respectively, then  $\Delta-\nabla$  is equal to :

- (i)  $-\Delta.\nabla$
- (ii)  $\Delta.\nabla$
- (iii)  $\Delta+\nabla$
- (iv)  $\Delta/\nabla$

Indicate True or False of the following :

- (e) (i)  $\Delta = E + 1$  (True/False)
- (ii)  $\delta = E^{1/2} + E^{-1/2}$  (True/False)
- (f) The regression measures the nature and extent of correlation. (True/False)
- (g) If one of the regression coefficient is greater than unity, the other must be less than unity. (True/False)

Fill in the blanks with correct answer :

- (h) The number of intervals in the Simpson's 3/8 rule of integration should be in multiple of ..... (one/two/three)
- (i) The geometric mean of the regression coefficients is equal to ..... ( $\sqrt{r/r^2}$ )
- (j) Statistical quality control charts are based on the ..... (theory of probability/test of significance)

### Section-B

Attempt any *three* parts of the following. 10×3=30

- 2. (a) Explain, what do you understand by rate of convergence of a method to find out the root of an equation. Show that the Newton-Raphson method is better than the secant method in respect to rate of convergence.
- (b) Derive the Newton's Gregory formula for forward interpolation. Hence obtain the value of  $f(2.5)$  from the following data :

|        |    |    |   |   |    |
|--------|----|----|---|---|----|
| $x$    | 2  | 4  | 6 | 8 | 10 |
| $f(x)$ | 15 | 10 | 5 | 7 | 13 |

- (c) Find  $y(1)$ , if  $y(x)$  is the solution of  $\frac{dy}{dx} = x^2 + y^2$  by Runge-Kutta method, in two steps taking  $h=0.5$ , given  $y(0)=0$ .
- (d) Explain the method of least squares to fit a curve. Hence obtain a second degree parabola from the following data :

|     |     |     |      |      |      |      |
|-----|-----|-----|------|------|------|------|
| $x$ | 0   | 5   | 10   | 15   | 20   | 25   |
| $y$ | 1.5 | 6.2 | 15.3 | 20.0 | 23.7 | 28.6 |

- (e) What is time series analysis ? Explain the objectives of the analysis of a time series. Why the time series analysis is important in technology.

### Section-C

Attempt any *two* parts from each question. All questions are compulsory.  $5 \times 2 \times 5 = 50$

3. (a) Let  $x^*$  approximate  $x$  correct up to  $n$  significant digits if  $e^x$  is evaluated for  $x$ ,  $-8 \leq x \leq 9$ , then what should be relative error ?

(4)

- (b) Find a real root of the equation  $x^3 + x^2 - 1 = 0$  on the interval  $[0, 1]$  with an accuracy of  $10^{-4}$  by iteration method.

- (c) Write a computer program in C for the Regula-Falsi method.

4. (a) Solve the following systems of equations by Gauss elimination method (three iteration) :

$$x - y + z = 1$$

$$-3x + 2y - 3z = -6$$

$$2x - 5y + 4z = 5.$$

- (b) Prove that the  $n$ th differences of a polynomial of  $n$ th degree is constant and all higher order differences are zero.
- (c) The table gives the distance ( $y$ ) in km, of the visible horizon for the given heights ( $x$ ) in meter above the earth's surface :

|     |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|-----|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| $x$ | 100   | 150   | 200   | 250   | 300   | 350   | 400   |
| $y$ | 10.63 | 13.03 | 15.04 | 16.81 | 18.42 | 19.90 | 21.27 |

use Newton-Gregory's forward interpolation formula to find the value of  $y$  when  $x = 160$  meter.

(5)

5. (a) A train is moving at the speed of 30 m/sec. Suddenly brakes are applied. The speed of the train per second after  $t$  seconds is given by:

|               |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
|---------------|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|
| Time ( $t$ )  | 0  | 5  | 10 | 15 | 20 | 25 | 30 | 35 | 40 | 45 |
| Speed ( $v$ ) | 30 | 24 | 19 | 16 | 13 | 11 | 10 | 8  | 7  | 5  |

Apply Simpson's three-eighth rule to determine the distance moved by the train in 45 seconds.

- (b) A rod is rotating in a plane. The following table gives the angle  $\theta$  (in radians) through which the rod has turned for various values of time  $t$  (sec.). Calculate the angular velocity of the rod at  $t = 0.6$  seconds.

- (c) Given that:

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = 1 + y^2$$

and  $y(0.6) = 0.6841$ ,  $y(0.4) = 0.4228$ ,

$y(0.2) = 0.2027$ ,  $y(0) = 0$ . Find  $y(-0.2)$  using

Milne's predictor corrector method.

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6. (a) What is Regression analysis? Describe the method of least squares to obtain the regression lines.

- (b) In trivariate distribution, the following data have been obtained:

$$X_1: \quad 1 \quad 2 \quad 3 \quad 4$$

$$X_2: \quad 0 \quad 1 \quad 2 \quad 3$$

$$X_3: \quad 12 \quad 18 \quad 24 \quad 30.$$

Find the regression equation of  $X_3$  on  $X_1$  and  $X_2$ .

- (c) Write a short note on frequency charts in statistical documentation.

7. (a) A survey of 320 families with 5 children shows the following distribution:

| Number of boys & girls | 5 boys | 4 boys | 3 boys  | 2 boys  | 1 boy   | 0 boy   | Total |
|------------------------|--------|--------|---------|---------|---------|---------|-------|
|                        | 0 girl | 1 girl | 2 girls | 3 girls | 4 girls | 5 girls |       |
| Number of families     | 18     | 56     | 110     | 88      | 40      | 8       | 320   |

Given that value of  $\chi^2$  for 5 degree of freedom are 11.1 and 15.1 at 0.05 and 0.01 significance level respectively, test the hypothesis that male and female births are equally probable.

(7)

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