

5. Attempt any two of the following: 10×2=20
- (a) Using Green's theorem evaluate $\int_C [(y - \sin x)dx + \cos x.dy]$ where C is the plane triangle enclosed by the lines $0, x = T1/2$ and $y = \frac{2x}{\pi}$
- (b) Verify stoke's theorem for $F=(x^2+y^2) I-2xyJ$ taken around the rectangle bounded by the lines $x = \pm a, y = 0, y = b.$
- (c) State & Prove Leibrity theorem.

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Printed Pages :4



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NBC-101

(Following Paper ID and Roll No. to be filled in your Answer Book)

PAPER ID : 294101

Roll No.

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MCA (Dual Degree)
(Sem. -I) CARRY OVER THEORY
EXAMINATION, 2015-16
MATHEMATICS-I

Time : 3 Hours]

[Total Marks : 100

Note: Attempt all questions. All questions are compulsory.

1. Answer any four of the following: 5×4=20

(a) If $y = \log(x + \sqrt{1+x^2})$. Find $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2}$

(b) Find characteristics roots of the matrix.

$$\begin{bmatrix} 6 & -2 & 2 \\ -2 & 3 & -1 \\ 2 & -1 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$$

- (c) Expand $\sin x$ in power.
- (d) Write short note on Caley- Hamilton theorem.
- (e) Find eigen value is A.

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & -1 \\ 1 & 2 & 1 \\ 2 & 2 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$$

- (f) Find the area between curve. $y^2 = 4ax$ & $x^2 = 4ay$

2. Attempt any four of the following: 5×4=20

(a) Evaluate $\int_0^{\pi/2} \int_0^{\pi/2} \frac{\sqrt{\sin x}}{\sqrt{\sin x + \sqrt{\cos x}}} .dx dy$

(b) If then. $f(x,y) = x^3 + y^3 + xy$ find $r^2 - s^2$

(c) Evaluate $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{x^5 - x^2}{x^4 - 2x^3 + 2x - 1}$

(d) if $z = u^2 + v^2$ and $u = at^2, v = 2at$ find $\frac{dz}{dt}$

(e) Evaluate $\int_{-1}^1 \int_{-2}^2 \int_{-3}^3 dx .dy .dz$

(f) Write short note on Taylor's series.

3. Attempt any two of the following: 10×2=20

(a) If $\vec{r} = xi + y\hat{j} + z\hat{k}$ and $r = |\vec{r}|$ show that $\text{div} \frac{\vec{r}}{|\vec{r}|^3} = 0$

(b) Find the area enclosed by the pair of curve.

$$y = 2 - x \text{ \& \ } y^2 = (2 - x)$$

(c) Evaluate: $\iiint_R (x - 2y + z) dx dy dz$

Where $R = 0 \leq x \leq 1, 0 \leq y \leq x^2, 0 \leq z \leq x + y$

4. Attempt any two of the following: 10×2=20

(a) Prove that:
 $\nabla_x(\vec{F} \times \vec{G}) = \vec{F}(\nabla \cdot \vec{G}) - \vec{G}(\nabla \cdot \vec{F}) + (\vec{G} \cdot \nabla)\vec{F} - (\vec{F} \cdot \nabla)\vec{G}$

(b) Find the inverse of matrix Elementary Transformation.

$$\begin{bmatrix} 3 & 1 & 2 \\ 1 & 2 & 1 \\ 1 & 3 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$$

(c) Verify Cayley's Hamilton theorem.

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 2 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$