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TME-504

(Following Paper ID and Roll No. to be filled in your Answer Book)

PAPER ID : 4077Roll No. **B. Tech.****(SEM. V) EXAMINATION, 2008-09
MANUFACTURING SCIENCE - II***Time : 3 Hours]**[Total Marks : 100***Note :** *Answer all questions carrying equal marks.***1** Answer any **four** parts of the following : **4×5=20**

- (a) What is free cutting steel ? What types of chips are formed during machining such steel ? - Explain.
- (b) Discuss the importance of shear angle from the standpoint of metal cutting performance. What factors affect its value ?
- (c) What are methods available for measuring cutting tool temperature ? Explain their applications and limitations ?
- (d) What are the factors that control surface finish in turning ? How do you select the cutting process for good finish turning ?
- (e) How does the cutting process parameters affect the cutting tool wear in single point tool ?
- (f) Derive Merchant's shear angle relationship as $\phi = 45 - (\beta - \alpha) / 2$, where ϕ is the shear angle, β is the friction angle and α is the rake angle.

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- 2 Answer any **four** parts of the following : $4 \times 5 = 20$
- (a) Which factors are considered for the manufacture of support structures in a lathe ? Discuss briefly.
 - (b) What are the various methods available for taper turning in a lathe ? Explain their specific advantages and limitations.
 - (c) What is a slotting machine ? Describe with neat sketches and illustrate its use.
 - (d) Explain the characteristics that distinguish a milling process from other machining processes.
 - (e) Describe the set-up that can be used for milling cams in a milling machine with the help of neat sketches.
 - (f) Explain the different types of holes and the processes used for making holes.
- 3 Answer any **four** parts of the following : $4 \times 5 = 20$
- (a) Define flaw, roughness and waviness to characterize surfaces. Show surface profile for a rough, lapped and finished object.
 - (b) Why surface finish is important for many applications ? Illustrate your answer.
 - (c) Explain 'Dressing' and 'Truing' of grinding wheel.
 - (d) What are the parameters that control the grinding process ? Explain their effect on grinding process.
 - (e) What is difference between honing and lapping operations ? Give their applications.
 - (f) Give the significance of dimensional tolerance control during various machining processes.



4 Answer any **four** parts of the following : $4 \times 5 = 20$

- (a) Give a classification of welding processes.
- (b) What is the principle of arc welding ? What is the role of electrode in such welding process ?
- (c) What are the factors which decide the weld quality ?
- (d) What is the difference between brazing and soldering ? Give their uses.
- (e) What is the difference between submerged arc and electroslag welding ?
- (f) Why sometimes weld joints fail during use ? Give precautions to enhance life of weld joints.

5 Answer any **four** parts of the following : $4 \times 5 = 20$

- (a) Compare the unconventional machining processes in terms of material removal rate and applications.
- (b) What are the principal features of an ECM process ? What is role of electrolyte in ECM process ?
- (c) Describe the working method of USM ? Give the function of a transducer and tool cone in USM.
- (d) Compare between Plasma Arc Machining (PAM) and Ion Beam Machining (IBM)
- (e) Write short notes on any two of the following :
 - (i) Spot welding
 - (ii) Explosive welding
 - (iii) Diffusion welding.
- (f) Write a short note on any one of the following giving their uses and limitations :
 - (i) Abrasive Jet Machining (AJM)
 - (ii) Laser Beam Machining (LBM).

