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**B.Tech.**  
**(SEM VI) THEORY EXAMINATION 2017-18**  
**Microwave Engineering & Measurements**

**Time: 3 Hours****Total Marks: 100****Note: 1.** Attempt all Sections. If you require any missing data; then choose suitably.**SECTION A****1. Attempt all questions in brief. 2 x 10 = 20**

- a) Write down field components of TE<sub>11</sub> mode of propagation?
- b) What is CoupledStripLine?
- c) What do you mean by directional coupler?
- d) Explain circulators?
- e) What are the limitation of active devices at microwave frequency?
- f) Write down application of Backward Wave Oscillator?
- g) Define Refection coefficient?
- h) What is the use of VSWR?
- i) What are the application of microwave FET?
- j) What is tunneling effect?

**SECTION B****2. Attempt any three of the following: 10 x 3 = 30**

- a) What are the various ways in which wave guide canbe excited? Explain them with neat sketch?
- b) Explain the construction, working and application ofCirculator based on Faraday rotation?
- c) How does the bunching of electron take place in KlystronAmplifier? Derive an expression for bunching parameterof the Klystron?
- d) What are Avalanche transit time devices? Explain IMPATTdiode in detail?
- e) Explain double minima method for high VSWR Measurement in detail?

**SECTION C****3. Attempt any one part of the following: 10 x 1 = 10**

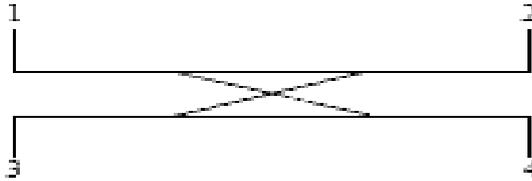
- a) Derive an expression for power handling capacity of arectangular wave guide working in TE<sub>10</sub> Mode. Thedominant mode TE<sub>10</sub> is propagated in a rectangularwaveguide of dimensions a = 6 cm and b = 4 cm. Thedistance between a maximum and a minimum is 4.47 cm.Determine the signal frequency of the dominant mode?
- b) Explain different microwave cavities?

**4. Attempt anyone part of the following: 10 x 1 = 10**

- a) What are the properties of S-Matrix? Also write S-Matrixfor the following Microwave Components:
  - (i) Ideal Waveguide

(ii) Isolator.?

- b) Define various parameters of directional coupler. With 100 mW input power, the power measured at port 4 is 0.1 mW and 10 mW when port 3 is terminated with a matched load and a short, respectively. Calculate the directivity of the coupler shown in the figure-



**5. Attempt any one part of the following: 10 x 1 = 10**

- a) A two-cavity klystron amplifier has the following parameters:  
 $V_o = 1000 \text{ V}$   $R_o = 40 \text{ k}\Omega$   $I_o = 25 \text{ mA}$   $f = 3 \text{ GHz}$   
 Gap spacing in either cavity:  $d = 1 \text{ mm}$   
 Spacing between the two cavities:  $L = 4 \text{ cm}$

Effective shunt impedance, excluding beam loading:  $R_{sh} = 30 \text{ k}\Omega$

- (i) Find the input gap voltage to give maximum voltage  $V_2$ .  
 (ii) Find the voltage gain, neglecting the beam loading in the output cavity.  
 (iii) Find the efficiency of the amplifier, neglecting beam loading.?
- b) Give the analysis of Reflex Klystron with schematic and Applegate diagram and explain the following effects:  
 (i) Velocity modulation process  
 (ii) Bunching.

**6. Attempt any one part of the following: 10 x 1 = 10**

- a) What is PIN diode? Discuss its construction? How can it be used as a switch for microwave application?  
 b) Explain GUNN oscillator in detail with neat sketch?

**7. Attempt any one part of the following: 10 x 1 = 10**

- a) Explain the operating principle of crystal detector. How it is used to measure microwave power in labs?  
 b) Describe the following methods for the measurement of attenuation:  
 (i) Power Ratio method  
 (ii) RF substitution method.