



Printed Pages : 4

TEN701

(Following Paper ID and Roll No. to be filled in your Answer Book)

PAPER ID : 0300

Roll No.

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B.Tech

(SEM VII) ODD SEMESTER THEORY EXAMINATION 2009-10
 FUNDAMENTAL OF DIGITAL SIGNAL PROCESSING

Time : 3 Hours]

[Total Marks : 100

- Note : (i) Attempt all questions.
 (ii) All questions carry equal marks.

1 Attempt any four parts of the following questions : 5×4

- (a) Compute the signal energy for $x(t) = e^{-4t}U(t)$.
- (b) Explain the stability condition for the DSP systems described by the equation $y(n) = a^n U(n)$.
- (c) Determine the Fourier transform for a rectangular pulse having pulse width T seconds and magnitude of A volts.
- (d) Compute DFT of the sequence $x[n] = \{0, 1, 2, 3\}$. Define twiddle factor and its properties also.

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[Contd...

- (e) Compute the circular convolution of the following sequence and compare the results with linear convolution. $x_1[n] = \{1, 2, 0, 1\}$ and $x_2[n] = \{2, 2, 1, 1\}$.
- (f) State and prove following properties of DFT
 (i) circular time shifting (ii) circular time reversal.

2 Attempt any **four** parts of the following questions : 5×4

- (a) Draw the spectrum of a sampled signal and explain aliasing.
- (b) Discuss the process of reconstruction of the signal from its samples. Obtain the impulse response of an ideal reconstruction filter.
- (c) Explain the need for multirate signal processing.
- (d) Given $x(n) = \{0, 1, 2, 3\}$, find $X(k)$ using DIT FFT algorithm.
- (e) Find the impulse response and frequency response of the second order system defined by equation

$$y[n] - y[n-1] + 3[n-2]/16 = x[n] - 0.5x[n-1]$$

- (f) Find the magnitude and phase response for the system characterized by the difference equation :

$$Y[n] = x[n]/6 + x[n-1]/3 + x[n-2]/6$$

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Attempt any **two** parts of the following questions : 10×2

- (a) Obtain FIR linear phase and cascade realization of the system function

$$H[Z] = \left[(1 + 0.5Z^{-1} + Z^{-2}) (1 + 0.25Z^{-1} + Z^{-2}) \right]$$

- (b) Compare Direct form I and Direct form II realization of IIR filter system.
- (c) Determine the variance of the round off noise at the output of the two cascade realization of the filter with system function

$$H[Z] = H_1[Z] \cdot H_2[Z] \text{ where}$$

$$H_1[Z] = 1 / (1 - 0.5Z^{-1}) \text{ and}$$

$$H_2[Z] = 1 / (1 - 0.25Z^{-1})$$

4 Attempt any **two** parts of the following questions : 10×2

- (a) Write short notes on (1) Gibbs Phenomenon (2) Optimum equiripple FIR filter design.
- (b) A low pass filter is to be designed with the following desired frequency response

$$H_d(e^{j\omega}) = e^{-j2\omega} \text{ for } -\pi/4 \leq \omega \leq \pi/4$$

$$= 0 \text{ for } \pi/4 \leq \omega \leq \pi$$

Determine the filter coefficients $h_d(n)$ if the window function is defined as

$$w(n) = 1 \quad \text{for } 0 \leq n \leq 4 \\ = 0, \text{ for otherwise}$$

Also determine the frequency response $H(e^{j\omega})$ of the designed filter.

- (c) Discuss the different design techniques available for IIR filters.

5 Attempt any **two** parts of the following questions : 10×2

- (a) Write short notes on (1) Goertzel Algorithm
(2) Effect of finite word length in digital filters.
- (b) Explain how DFT and FFT are useful in power spectral estimation. Define periodogram.
- (c) Draw the flow graph of an 8 point DIF FFT algorithm and explain.
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