

Printed Pages—5

EEE301

(Following Paper ID and Roll No. to be filled in your Answer Book)

PAPER ID : 0208

Roll No.

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B.Tech.

(SEM. III) ODD SEMESTER THEORY EXAMINATION
2010-11

BASIC SYSTEM ANALYSIS

Time : 3 Hours

Total Marks : 100

Note : (1) Attempt **all** questions which carry equal marks.

(2) Assume suitable data wherever necessary.

1. Attempt any **four** parts of the following : (5×4=20)
- (a) Distinguish between continuous time and discrete time signals. How are they different from Analog and digital signals? Suitable waveforms for explanation.
 - (b) Explain the terms causality and time invariance of a system with the help of examples.
 - (c) Explain the Force-voltage analogy taking a suitable example.
 - (d) Given a signal $x(t)$ as shown below in figure 1.

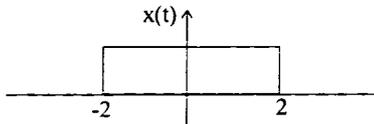


Figure 1

Draw and explain the procedure of construction of the waveform $y(t) = x(2t - 6)$.

- (e) Explain briefly the mathematical representation and characteristics of the basic continuous time signals. Establish a relationship between them.

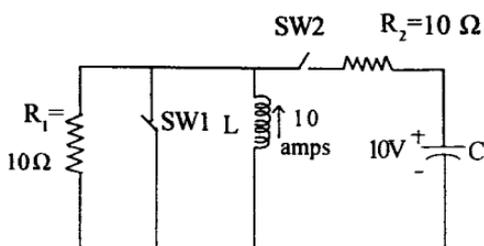


Figure 2

In the circuit shown in figure 2, switch SW1 is initially closed and switch SW2 is open. The inductor L carries a current of 10 A and the capacitor is charged to 10 volts with polarities as indicated.

At $t = 0$, SW1 is opened and SW2 is closed. Find the current through 'C' and the voltage across 'L' at $t = 0^+$.

2. Attempt any **two** parts : (10×2=20)

- (a) A voltage $v = 200 \sin 314t + 50 \sin (942t + 45^\circ)$ volts is applied to a circuit consisting of a resistance of 20Ω , and inductance of 20 mH and a capacitance of $56.3 \mu\text{F}$ all connected in series. Find :

- (i) the rms value of the applied voltage

- (ii) an expression for the instantaneous value of the current
 - (iii) rms value of the current
 - (iv) power consumed in the circuit.
- (b) Explain :
- (i) Even function symmetry
 - (ii) Odd function symmetry
 - (iii) Half-wave or mirror symmetry and
 - (iv) Quarter-wave symmetry with suitable waveforms.
- (c) Find the magnitude and phase spectrum of the Fourier transform of the Pulse waveform shown in figure 3.

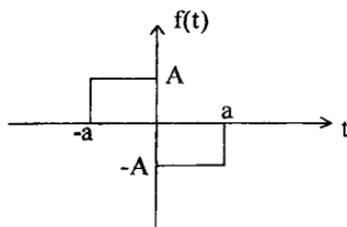


Fig. 3

Draw the two spectrum of given pulse waveform.

3. Attempt any **two** parts : **(10×2=20)**
- (a) State and prove convolution theorem.
 - (b) Write the Laplace transforms of :
 - (i) Unit impulse
 - (ii) Unit step

- (iii) Unit ramp and
 (iv) Parabolic functions.

Find the Laplace transform of the truncated ramp function as shown in Fig.4.

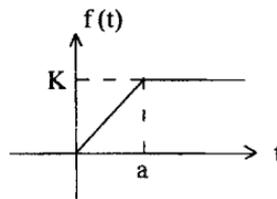


Fig. 4

- (c) Find the inverse Laplace transform of following functions :

(i)
$$\frac{2s^2 + 5s + 12}{(s^2 + 2s + 10)(s + 2)}$$

(ii)
$$\frac{s - 1}{s^2 + 3s + 2}$$

4. Attempt any **two** parts :

(10×2=20)

- (a) What are state variables ? Explain.

Write the state - variable formulation of the network given in figure 5.

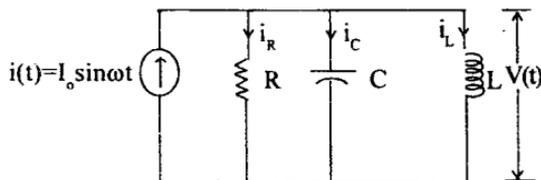


Fig.5

- (b) Derive an expression for the transfer function from the state variable Model.

What is state transition matrix ? Derive its expression and mention its properties.

- (c) A vector matrix differential equation of a system is given by

$$\dot{X} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ -6 & 5 \end{bmatrix} X + \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} u$$

and output $Y = [1 \ 0]X$

with initial conditions being zero.

Find time response of the above system.

5. Attempt any **two** parts : **(10×2=20)**

- (a) Find the z- transform of the following signals :

(i) $x[n] = 7 \left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^n u[n] - 6 \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^n u[n]$

(ii) $a^n u[n]$

Also discuss the region of convergence (ROC) for each signals.

- (b) Mention (with proof) the properties of the region of convergence (ROC) for the z-transform.

- (c) Find the inverse z-transforms of the following signals :

(i) $X(z) = \frac{3 - \frac{5}{6}z^{-1}}{\left(1 - \frac{1}{4}z^{-1}\right)\left(1 - \frac{1}{3}z^{-1}\right)} \quad |z| > \frac{1}{3}$

(ii) $\frac{1 - \frac{1}{3}z^{-1}}{\left(1 - z^{-1}\right)\left(1 - 2z^{-1}\right)} \quad |z| > 2$