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TEE-11

(Following Paper ID and Roll No. to be filled in your Answer Book)

PAPER ID : 0203Roll No. **B. Tech.****(SEM. VII) EXAMINATION, 2007-08
DATA BASE MANAGEMENT SYSTEM,
DATA MINING AND WAREHOUSING***Time : 3 Hours]**[Total Marks : 100*

- Note :*
- (1) Attempt all questions.*
 - (2) All questions carry equal marks.*
 - (3) Be precise in your answer.*
 - (4) No second answer book will be provided.*

- 1 Attempt any **four** parts of the following : 4×5
- (a) What are the five main functions of a database administrator?
 - (b) List six major steps that you would take in setting up a database for a particular enterprise.
 - (c) Construct an ER diagram for a car-insurance company whose customers own one or more cars each. Each car has associated with it zero to any number of recorded accidents.
 - (d) Explain the distinction between condition-defined and user-defined constraints. Which of these constraints can the system check automatically? Explain your answer.

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- (e) An E-R diagram can be viewed as a graph. What do the following mean in terms of the structure of an enterprise schema?
- (i) The graph is disconnected
 - (ii) The graph is acyclic.
- (f) We can convert any weak entity set to a strong entity set by simply adding appropriate attributes. Why, then, do we have weak entity sets?

2 Attempt any **four** parts of the following : 4×5

- (a) Design a relational database for a university Registrar's office. The office maintains data about each class, including the instructor, the number of students enrolled, and the time and place of the class meetings. For each student-class pair, a grade is recorded.
- (b) List two reasons why null values might be introduced into the database.
- (c) Suppose there are two relations r and s , such that the foreign key B of r references the primary key A of s . Describe how the trigger mechanism can be used to implement the ON DELETE CASCADE option.
- (d) Write an SQL query, without using a 'with' clause, to find all branches where the total account deposit is less than the average total account deposit at all branches, using a nested query in the 'from' clouser.
- (e) Describe the circumstances in which you would choose to use embedded SQL rather than SQL alone or only a general-purpose programming language.
- (f) What are certain functional dependencies called trivial functional dependencies? – Explain.

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3 Attempt any **two** parts of the following : 2×10

(a) (i) Explain what is meant by "repetition of information" and "inability to represent information". Explain why each of these properties may indicate a bad relational database design.

(ii) Suppose that we decompose the schema $R = (A, B, C, D, E)$ into

(A, B, C)

(A, D, E)

Show that this decomposition is a lossless-join decomposition if the following set F of functional dependencies holds :

$A \rightarrow BC$

$CD \rightarrow E$

$B \rightarrow D$

$E \rightarrow A$

(b) Given the database schema $R(a,b,c)$, and a relation r on the schema R , write an SQL query to test whether the functional dependency $b \rightarrow c$ holds on relation r . Also write an SQL assertion that enforces the functional dependency. Assume that no null values are present.

(c) Use Armstrong's axioms to prove the soundness of the decomposition rule.

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4 Attempt any **two** parts of the following : 2×10

- (a) List the ACID properties. Explain the usefulness of each. Why should database implementors paid more attention to the ACID properties?
- (b) What is a recoverable schedule? Why is recoverability of schedules desirable? Are there any circumstances under which it would be desirable to allow nonrecoverable schedules? Explain your answer.
- (c)
 - (i) What is a data warehouse? How does it differ from a database?
 - (ii) Describe the main functions of the following components of a data warehouse :
 - (a) Load manager
 - (b) Warehouse manager
 - (c) Query manager
 - (d) Meta data.

5 Attempt any **two** parts of the following : 2×10

- (a) What do you mean by two-phase locking? What benefit is provided by rigorous two-phase locking? How does it compare with other forms of two-phase locking?
- (b) What is timestamp? Describe the basic time stamp ordering protocol for concurrency control.
- (c) Explain the following :
 - (i) Multiple Granularity
 - (ii) Multiversion Two-phase Locking.