

(Following Paper ID and Roll No. to be filled in your Answer Book)

Paper ID: 131525

Roll No.

--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

B.TECH

(SEM. V) THEORY EXAMINATION, 2015-16

FUNDAMENTALS OF E.M. THEORY

[Time : 3 hours]

[Maximum Marks : 100]

Note : The Question Paper contains Three Sections.

Section-A

1. Attempt all parts of the following. All parts carry **equal** marks. Write answer of each part in short. ($2 \times 10 = 20$)
 - (a) Write Maxwell's Equation in a simple, non-conducting and source-free region?
 - (b) What is wave number?
 - (c) Define Divergence theorem.
 - (d) What is unit vector?
 - (e) Explain the physical interpretation of Gradient.

- (f) Explain Electric potential. Write the relation between electric potential and electric field intensity.
- (g) Define skin depth.
- (h) Transform the point $P(2,2,5)$ in spherical coordinate system.
- (i) Define Surface Integral.
- (j) Give the wave equation in terms of electric field and magnetic field.

Section-B

Attempt any five of the following : (5×10=50)

- 2. Derive expression the expression for α and β in lossless dielectric medium.
- 3. State and prove continuity equation. Also explain relaxation time.
- 4. Explain reflection of plane wave incident normally at the dielectric-dielectric interface. Discuss about reflection & transmission coefficient.

- 5. What are the boundary conditions for static electric fields in the general form at the interface between two different dielectric media? Explain.
- 6. Define displacement and conduction current densities and derive Maxwell's equation associated with Faraday law and modified Ampere's circuital law.
- 7. Discuss the wave propagation in lossy dielectric also determine propagation constant, intrinsic impedance.
- 8. A positive point charge Q is at the center of a spherical dielectric shell of an inner radius R_i and an outer radius R_o . Dielectric constant of the shell is ϵ_r . Determine $\vec{E}, V, \vec{D}$ and $\vec{P}$ as functions of the radial distance R .

- 9. According to $W_e = \frac{1}{2} \iiint_V \rho V dv = \frac{1}{2} \iiint_V (\nabla \cdot \vec{D}) V dv$, show that the stored electric energy given by $W_e = \frac{1}{2} \iiint_V \vec{D} \cdot \vec{E} dv$.

Section-C

Attempt any **two** questions from this section.

(15×2=30)

10. Derive a general expression for the magnetic flux density B at any point along the axis of a long solenoid. Sketch the variation of B from point to point along the axis.
11. Derive an expression for the energy stored in the magnetic field of a coil possessing an inductance of L Henry when the current in the coil is 1 amp and considering toroidal coil, derive an expression for energy density.
12. What is Vector Helmholtz equation? A 100 MHz uniform plane wave $\vec{E} = \hat{x}E_x$ propagates in the $+z$ direction. Suppose $\epsilon_r = 4, \mu_r = 1, \sigma = 0$ and it has a maximum value of 10^{-4} V/m at $t=0$ and $z=0.125$ m.
 - (a) Write the instantaneous expressions for $\vec{E}$ and $\vec{H}$.
 - (b) Determine the location where $\vec{E}$ is a positive maximum when $t=10^{-8}$ sec.

—x—