

(Following Paper ID and Roll No. to be filled in your Answer Book)

PAPER ID : 3083

Roll No.

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B.Tech.

(SEM IV) EVEN SEMESTER THEORY EXAMINATION,
2009-2010

SEMICONDUCTOR MATERIALS & DEVICES

Time : 3 Hours

Total Marks : 100

Note : (i) Attempt *all* the questions.

(ii) All the questions carry *equal* marks.

1. Attempt **any four** parts of the following : (4x5=20)

- Give the electronic configuration of Ge and sketch the lattice structure of GaAs.
- What do you understand by Miller indices? How is this obtained that describes a plane in a crystal?
- Sketch the following planes and directions in cubical unit cell.
(100), $\langle 100 \rangle$, {100}, [100]
- What do you mean by effective mass of carriers? How does it depend on energy bands? What is the kinetic energy of an hole at the top of the valence band?

- (e) Define Fermi level and plot the Fermi function at 0°C . Calculate the probabilities of finding electron at the energy level of 0.1 eV above and below the Fermi level at room temperature.
- (f) Define mobility of a carrier. How does mobility depends on doping concentration and temperature ?
2. Attempt **any two** parts of the following : (2x10=20)
- (a) What are the direct and indirect recombination ? Derive an expression for minority carrier life time.
- (b) Define the explain quasi-Fermi level. A Ge sample with 10^{17} Sb atoms per cm^3 is optically excited at 300 K such that $g_{op} = 10^{20}$ EHP per $\text{cm}^3\text{-sec}$ and $\tau_n = \tau_p = 10$ micro second. What is the separation of the quasi-Fermi levels ? Draw an energy band diagram also.
- (c) What do you mean by excess carriers ? Derive an expression for diffusion equation for steady state distribution of excess electrons.
3. Attempt **any two** parts of the following : (2x10=20)
- (a) What is contact potential ? Explain. Derive an expression for it assuming step junction at equilibrium condition.
For Si p-n junction, donor and acceptor impurities at room temperature are 10^{16} cm^{-3} and $3 \times 10^{18} \text{ cm}^{-3}$ respectively. Calculate the contact potential and draw an equilibrium band diagram for the junction if intrinsic carrier concentration of Si is $1.5 \times 10^{10} \text{ cm}^{-3}$ at room temperature.

- (b) Find an expression for the electron current in the n-type material of a forward biased p-n junction.
- (c) Assume that an ideal Schottky barrier is formed on n-type Si having 10^{15} As atoms per cm^3 . The metal work function is 4.3 eV and Si electron affinity is 4 eV. Draw the equilibrium band diagram with values calculated for appropriate barriers and describe the contact.
4. Attempt **any two** parts of the following : (2x10=20)
- (a) What are the advantages and disadvantages of Field Effect Transistor over a BJT ? Discuss briefly the operation of normally-on and normally-off GaAs MESFET with suitable diagram and characteristics.
- (b) With a suitable diagram describe the working principle of a photo-diode. Explain how the various quadrants of its V-I characteristics are used in different applications ?
- (c) What is light emitting diode ? Explain the operation of an LED. What are the suitable material for it ? Explain.
5. Attempt **any two** parts of the following : (2x10=20)
- (a) What is transferred electron effect ? Describe a device based on this effect with suitable diagram in detail.

- (b) Find an expression for the electron current in the n-type material of a forward biased p-n junction.
- (c) Assume that an ideal Schottky barrier is formed on n-type Si having 10^{15} As atoms per cm^3 . The metal work function is 4.3 eV and Si electron affinity is 4 eV. Draw the equilibrium band diagram with values calculated for appropriate barriers and describe the contact.

4. Attempt **any two** parts of the following : (2x10=20)

- (a) What are the advantages and disadvantages of Field Effect Transistor over a BJT ? Discuss briefly the operation of normally-on and normally-off GaAs MESFET with suitable diagram and characteristics.
- (b) With a suitable diagram describe the working principle of a photo-diode. Explain how the various quadrants of its V-I characteristics are used in different applications ?
- (c) What is light emitting diode ? Explain the operation of an LED. What are the suitable material for it ? Explain.

5. Attempt **any two** parts of the following : (2x10=20)

- (a) What is transferred electron effect ? Describe a device based on this effect with suitable diagram in detail.

- (b) Explain the conditions for electron tunneling in a tunnel diode with the help of suitable energy band diagrams. Explain the operation and I-V characteristics of the diode.
- (c) Discuss the switching mechanism of the p-n-p-n diode with the help of the two transistor analogy.

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