

(Following Paper ID and Roll No. to be filled in your Answer Book.)

PAPER ID: 3072

Roll No.

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B.Tech.

THIRD SEMESTER EXAMINATION, 2005-2006

SWITCHING THEORY

Time : 3 Hours

Total Marks : 100

- Note : (i) Answer ALL questions.
 (ii) All questions carry equal marks.
 (iii) Be precise in your answer.

1. Attempt *any four* of the following questions : (5×4=20)

- (a) Convert the base - 5 number (4433214)₅ directly to base - 12.
 (b) Simplify the following Boolean expression which represent the output of a logical decision circuit

$$f(w, x, y, z) = x + xy\bar{z} + \bar{x}y\bar{z} + \bar{x}\bar{y}z + \bar{w}x + \bar{x}y$$

- (c) Perform the following arithmetic operations
 (i) Add 96 and 56 BCD numbers.
 (ii) Subtract 748 from 983 BCD number.
 (d) Minimize the following function by Tabular method

$$f(A, B, C, D) = \sum m(0, 2, 3, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 13)$$

- (e) Determine minimal sum of product form for the following multiple output system (Use K - map or Tabular method).

$$f_1(a, b, c) = \sum m(0, 1, 3, 5)$$

$$f_2(a, b, c) = \sum m(2, 3, 5, 6)$$

$$f_3(a, b, c) = \sum m(0, 1, 6)$$

- (f) What is cyclic code ? Write the principle of detection and correction of one-bit error with the help of it.

2. Attempt *any four* of the following questions : (5x4=20)

- (a) Explain with suitable diagram the working principle of 4-bit CLA adder and determine expression for the fourth carry.
- (b) Design the following Boolean function using the multiplexer.

$$f(A, B, C, D) = \sum m(0, 1, 3, 4, 8, 9, 15)$$

- (c) Explain the priority encoder.
- (d) Design one digit BCD adder with the help of 4-bit binary adders.
- (e) Draw the circuit of four - bit amplitude comparater and explain its operation.
- (f) Explain the following :
- (i) PAL
 - (ii) Code - convertors.

3. Attempt *any two* of the following questions : (10x2=20)

- (a) What are synchronous and asynchronous sequential circuits? Write the procedure for the analysis of a sequential circuit.

Draw the state diagram for a sequence generator which produces an output '1' every time the sequence 0101 is detected and output '0' at all other times. Design the circuit also.

- (b) An asynchronous sequential circuit is described by the following excitation and output functions.

$$y = x_1 x_2 + (x_1 + x_2) y$$

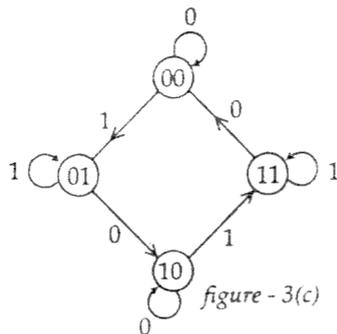
$$z = y$$

Where x_1 & x_2 = input variables

y = excitation function

z = output function

- (i) Draw the logic diagram and
 (ii) Derive transition table and output-map.
- (c) Answer the following :
- (i) Explain in brief the ASM chart.
 (ii) Draw an equivalent ASM chart of a state diagram shown in figure 3 (c).



- (iii) Write the applications of shift registers.

4. Attempt *any two* of the following questions : (10x2=20)
- Draw a TTL circuit with totem pole output and explain its working why should it not be used for wired AND connection ? Write the chip number of a two - input quad TTL NOR gate.
 - What is meant by CMOS and BiCMOS ? Explain the working of CMOS NAND and NOR gates. Draw the circuit diagram to interface TTL to CMOS. Design a 8-bit bidirectional bus using tri-state logic.
 - Answer the following :
 - What are the classification of logic family ?
 - Explain the terms fan-in, fan-out, propagation delay and power dissipation.
 - How will you determine Ex-OR gate delay in the laboratory ?

5. Attempt *any two* parts of the following : (10x2=20)

- What is various type of hazard in digital circuits? Explain the terms; Stuck at 0 and stuck at 1 faults. Find a circuit that has no static hazards and implements the following Boolean function

$$f(A,B,C,D) = \sum m(0,2,6,7,8,10,12)$$

- Explain the various method to detect fault. Develop a fault detection table for the circuit given in figure 5 (b).

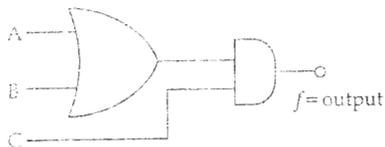


Figure 5 (b)

- Write short notes on the following :
 - Sequential and Random Access memories.
 - One and multi-dimensional selection arrangements of memories.