



Printed Pages : 4

TEC-304

(Following Paper ID and Roll No. to be filled in your Answer Book)

**PAPER ID : 3071**

Roll No.

**B. Tech.**

**(SEM. III) EXAMINATION, 2008-09  
PULSE & DIGITAL ELECTRONICS**

Time : 3 Hours]

[Total Marks : 100

- Note :**
- (i) Attempt all questions.
  - (ii) All questions carry equal marks.
  - (iii) Be precise in your answer.
  - (iv) No second answer book will be provided.

**1** Attempt any **four** parts of the following : **5×4=20**

- (a) What are the various parameters used to characterise logic families ? Explain.
- (b) What is meant by open collector output of TTL gate ? What is its utility ? Explain its operation with the help of circuit diagram.
- (c) What are the merits and demerits and ECL logic family with respect to TTL logic family ?
- (d) Explain the operation of a 2-input CMOS NOR gate.
- (e) Simplify the following function using K-map and implement the result using universal gates only :

$$F(A, B, C, D) = \sum m(1, 3, 4, 6, 8, 9, 11, 13, 15) + \sum d(0, 2, 14)$$

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[Contd...

- (f) Minimize the following Boolean function using tabulation method

$$f(w, x, y, z) = \sum m(0, 1, 4, 5, 6, 7, 9, 11, 15) + \sum d(10, 14)$$

2 Attempt any **four** parts of the following :  $5 \times 4 = 20$

- (a) Negate the unsigned binary number 00010101 and represent it in all four methods of negative binary number representation.
- (b) Perform the subtraction on the following unsigned binary numbers using the 2's complement of the subtrahend.
- (i)  $1011 - 110000$
- (ii)  $11.11 - 0001.1110$
- (c) Design a combinational circuit that compares two 3-bit numbers to check if they are equal. The circuit output is equal to 1 if the two numbers are equal and 0 otherwise.
- (d) Draw a 4-bit adder-subtractor circuit and explain its operation.
- (e) Draw the logic diagram of a 2 to 4 line decoder using NOR gates only with enable input.
- (f) Implement the following two Boolean functions with a PLA

$$F_1(x, y, z) = \sum m(1, 2, 4, 6)$$

$$F_2(x, y, z) = \sum m(0, 1, 6, 7)$$



3 Attempt any **two** parts of the following : **10×2=20**

- (a) Explain the difference among a boolean equation, a state equation, a characteristic equation and a flip flop input equation.
- (b) What is the difference between serial and parallel transfer ? Explain how to convert serial data to parallel and parallel data to serial. What types of register is needed ?
- (c) Design a 4 bit synchronous binary counter using J-K flip-flops.

4 Attempt any **two** parts of the following : **10×2=20**

- (a) Write short notes on the following :
  - (i) Random Access Memories
  - (ii) Memory Organization.
- (b) A symmetrical square wave of peak-to-peak amplitude  $V$  and frequency  $f$  is applied to a high pass RC circuit. Show that the percentage tilt is given by

$$P = \frac{1 - e^{-\frac{1}{2} / RC}}{1 + e^{-\frac{1}{2} / RC}} \times 200\%$$

- (c) What are the various types of A/D converter ? Explain any one of them with a neat block diagram in detail.



- 5 Attempt any **two** parts of the following :  $10 \times 2 = 20$
- (a) What do you mean by active filter ? Design an active second order high pass filter at a cut-off frequency of 2 kHz.
  - (b) Describe with a neat sketch the function of each pin in 555 timer. Explain how will you connect it to perform as a monostable multivibrator ? Also draw the input and output waveforms of the circuit.
  - (c) Describe an adjustable voltage IC regulator. Also draw and explain the typical connection diagram for the regulator.

