

B. TECH.
(SEM VI) THEORY EXAMINATION 2018-19
TEXTILE TESTING II

Time: 3 Hours**Total Marks: 70****Note: 1.** Attempt all Sections. If require any missing data; then choose suitably.**SECTION A**

- 1. Attempt all questions in brief. 2 x 7 = 14**
- (a) The ratio of *strip strength per thread* to *single thread strength* is generally higher than unity. (True/ False)
 - (b) Differentiate between stress and mass stress with respect to textiles.
 - (c) With the help of a diagram, define crimp% of a yarn.
 - (d) A 200 denier viscose rayon yarn breaks at a load of 180 gram. Calculate the breaking length of the yarn.
 - (e) Define thermal insulation value of a fabric.
 - (f) A 2/2 matt structure exhibit poor resistance to tearing than 1/1 plain weave structure. (True/False)
 - (g) Define Wettability.

SECTION B

- 2. Attempt any three of the following: 7 x 3 = 21**
- (a) Discuss about the reasons of crease in a cotton fabric.
 - (b) Discuss the type of fabrics, in which Bursting strength testing is preferred. Explain the working principle of any Bursting strength tester using a labeled diagram.
 - (c) Discuss the working principle of “Shirley stiffness tester”.
 - (d) Explain, how the test specimen length affects the tensile testing results. What is weak link effect?
 - (e) Define ‘Elastic recovery’ and ‘work of rupture’.

SECTION C

- 3. Attempt any one part of the following: 7 x 1 = 7**
- (a) Explain the creep behavior of a textile specimen with the help of a neat diagram.
 - (b) Define ‘flame resistance rating’. Discuss the factors affecting the flame resistance property of textile materials.
- 4. Attempt any one part of the following: 7 x 1 = 7**
- (a) Differentiate between shower-proof and water-proof fabrics. With the help of a neat labeled diagram, discuss the principle of spray test.
 - (b) Discuss about the raveled strip method of fabric preparation for tensile testing.
- 5. Attempt any one part of the following: 7 x 1 = 7**
- (a) Discuss the various reasons of generation of pilling in a fabric. How tendency of pilling can be reduced.
 - (b) What is drape coefficient? Discuss the principle of drape-meter.
- 6. Attempt any one part of the following: 7 x 1 = 7**
- (a) Define Air Permeability. Discuss the principle of Shirley Air Permeability tester with the help of a neat labeled diagram.
 - (b) Define serviceability, wear and abrasion with respect to textiles. Discuss the methods of assessment of abrasion damage in the fabric?
- 7. Attempt any one part of the following: 7 x 1 = 7**
- (a) Discuss the strain-gauge principle related to tensile testers.
 - (b) What are the conditions of a square plain weave structure? Calculate the maximum cover factor value of warp/weft in this condition.