

(Following Paper ID and Roll No. to be filled in your Answer Book)

**PAPER ID : 1037**

Roll No.

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**B.Tech.**

SIXTH SEMESTER EXAMINATION, 2004-2005

## COMPUTER GRAPHICS

Time : 2 Hours

Total Marks : 50

**Note :** Attempt *ALL* questions.

1. Attempt *any four* parts of the following : (3x4=12)

- Discuss various types of Computer Graphics. You are also required to differentiate between Raster and Vector Graphics.
- Write the steps to plot a line when two end points of the line are given, i.e.,  $(x_0, y_0)$  and  $(x_1, y_1)$ .
- Write the steps to trace a circle using midpoint circle generating algorithm.
- Suppose you have a system with an 8 inch by 10 inch video monitor that can display 100 pixels per inch. If memory is organized in one-byte words, the starting frame buffer address is 0, and each pixel is assigned 6 bits of storage, what is the frame buffer address (or addresses) of the pixel with screen coordinates  $(x, y)$  ?

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- (e) Explain boundary fill algorithm of polygon filling.
- (f) Explain Bresenham's line drawing algorithm.

2. Attempt *any four* parts of the following : (3x4=12)

- (a) Show that the composition of two rotations is additive by concatenating the matrix representations for  $R(\theta_1)$  and  $R(\theta_2)$  to obtain -  
$$R(\theta_1).R(\theta_2) = R(\theta_1 + \theta_2)$$
- (b) Show that transformation matrix for a reflection about line  $y = x$ , is equivalent to a reflection relative to the  $x$  axis followed by a counterclockwise rotation of  $90^\circ$ .
- (c) Explain transformation sequence to produce scaling with respect to a selected fixed point  $(x_f, y_f)$  using a scaling function that can only scale relative to the coordinate origin.
- (d) What are different picture construction techniques? Explain any one in detail.
- (e) What is a segment? Explain with suitable example.
- (f) Explain the steps of closing and deleting algorithm of a segment.

3. Attempt *any two* parts of the following : (7x2=14)

- (a) Find the instance transformation which places a half-size copy of the square A (0, 0), B (1, 0), C (1, 1) and D (0, 1) defined in master coordinate system into a world coordinate system in such a way that the centre of the square is at  $(-1, -1)$  in the world coordinate system.

- (b) Set up all geometric data tables and auxiliary table for representing a unit cube.
- (c) Explain the concept of rotation in 3-D objects.

4. Attempt *any two* parts of the following : (6x2=12)

- (a) Explain Cohen-Sutherland line clipping technique. Write this technique in algorithmic form also.
- (b) Explain oblique projection transformation and obtain its transformation matrix.
- (c) Explain Bezier method of curve drawing.