

(Following Paper ID and Roll No. to be filled in your Answer Book)

PAPER ID : 1005

Roll No.

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**B.Tech.**

FIFTH SEMESTER EXAMINATION, 2004-2005

**DESIGN AND ANALYSIS OF ALGORITHMS**

Time : 3 Hours

Total Marks : 100

**Note :** (i) Attempt *ALL* the questions.

(ii) All questions carry equal marks.

1. Attempt *any four* parts of the following : [5x4=20]

(a) Show that for any real constants a and b, where  $b > 0$ ,  $(n + a)^b = q(n)^b$

(b) Solve the recurrence relation by iteration :

$$T(n) = T(n - 1) + n^4$$

(c) Explain how can we modify almost any algorithm to have a good best case running time ?

(d) Can the Master Method be applied to solve recurrence

$$T(n) = 4T(n/2) + n^2 \log n ? \text{ Why or why not ?}$$

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- (e) How can you adapt 'Quicksort' algorithm to find the  $m^{\text{th}}$  order statistics in a given list of size  $n$  ?
- (f) Write the pseudo code for heapify algorithm.

2. Answer *any four* parts of the following : [5×4=20]

- (a) Give the properties of Red - Black Tree . Show that the longest simple path from a node  $x$  in a RB - tree to a descendent leaf has length at most twice that of the shortest simple path from node  $x$  to a descendent leaf.
- (b) Augment a linked list data structure, where each node maintains the number of preceding nodes.
- (c) Show the result of inserting the following items in an initially empty B-tree of order 5.  
  
25, 31, 38, 76, 05, 60, 38, 08, 30, 15, 35, 17, 23, 53, 27, 43, 65, 48.
- (d) What operations are supported on disjoint sets ?
- (e) Write an algorithm HEAP\_DELETE ( $A, i$ ) , which deletes the item in node  $I$  from heap  $A$ .

3. Attempt *any two* parts of the following : [10×2=20]

- (a) What is "Greedy Algorithm"? Write its pseudo code prove that the fractional Knapsack problem has a greedy-choice property.

(b) Explain Dynamic programming. Apply it on Matrix Chain-Multiplication problem.

(c) What is the sum of subsets problem ? Let

$$w = \{5, 7, 10, 12, 15, 18, 20\} \text{ and } m = 35$$

Find all possible subsets of  $w$  that sum to  $m$  using recursive backtracking algorithm for it.

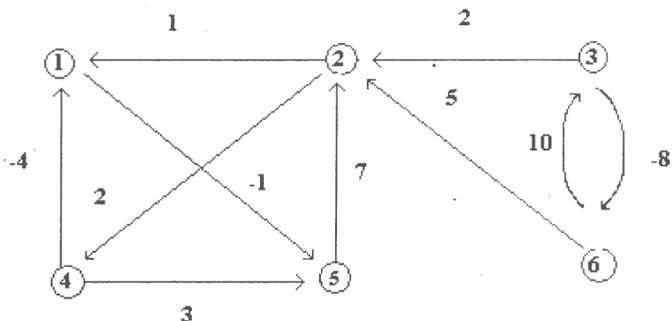
Draw the portion of the state-space tree that is generated.

4. Attempt *any two* parts of the following : [10×2=20]

(a) What are single source shortest paths ? Write down Dijkstra's algorithm for it.

(b) Give an algorithm that determines whether or not a given undirected graph  $G = (V, E)$  contains a cycle. Your algorithm should run in  $O(V)$  time.

(c) For the graph (weighted, direct)



Apply Floyd- Warshall Algorithm for constructing shortest path. Show the Matrix  $D^{(K)}$  that results each iteration.

5. Attempt *any two* parts of the following : [10×2=20]

- (a) Define approximation algorithms. What is approximation ratio ? Approximate the Travelling Salesman problem with triangle Inequality.
- (b) Discuss the relationship between the class P, NP, NP-complete and NP-hard problems with suitable example of each class.
- (c) Give the randomized version of Quicksort. Analyse it for finding the expected running time.

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