



Printed Pages : 7

TCS-301

(Following Paper ID and Roll No. to be filled in your Answer Book)

**PAPER ID : 1064**

Roll No.

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## B. Tech.

(SEM. III) EXAMINATION. 2007-08

### DISCRETE STRUCTURE

Time : 3 Hours

[Total Marks : 100

- Note :
- (1) Answer all questions.
  - (2) All questions carry equal marks.
  - (3) In case of numerical problems assume data wherever not provided.
  - (4) Be precise in your answer.

1 Attempt any four of the following questions :  $5 \times 4 = 20$

- (a) Let  $N = \{1, 2, 3, \dots\}$  and a Relation is defined in  $N \times N$  as follows  $(a, b)$  is related to  $(c, d)$  if and only if  $ad = bc$  then show whether  $R$  is a equivalence relation or not.
- (b) (i) Find the no. of partitions on  $A = \{a, b, c, d\}$   
(ii) Define symmetric difference and disjoint set.

(c) Draw the Hasse diagram of the relation  $\mid$ , "divides" on set  $B$  where  $B = \{2, 3, 4, 6, 12, 36, 48\}$

(d) Let  $A = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6\}$ , construct pictorial description of relation  $R$  on  $A$  for the following :

(i)  $R = \{(J, K) \mid J \text{ is multiple of } K\}$

(ii)  $R = \{(J, K) \mid (J - K)^2 \in A\}$

(iii)  $R = \{(J, K) \mid (\sqrt{J} \text{ divides } K)\}$

(iv)  $R = \{(J, K) \mid J \times K \text{ is prime}\}$

(e) If  $f : A \rightarrow B$  be both one to one and onto then  $f^{-1}A \rightarrow B$  is both one to one and onto; prove the theorem.

(f) Prove that  $(\sqrt{5})$  is not a rational number (prove by contradiction).

2 Attempt any **four** of the following questions :  $5 \times 4 = 20$

(a) Simplify  $F(A, B, C, D) =$

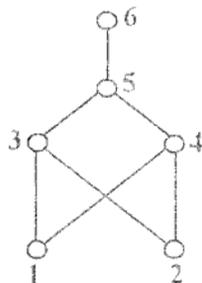
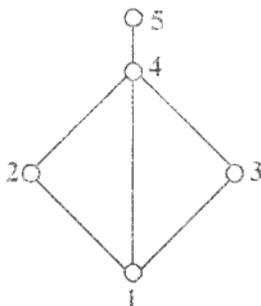
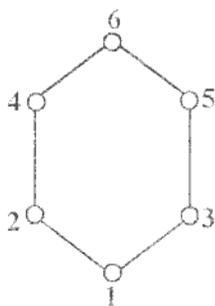
$\sum(0, 1, 4, 5, 6, 8, 9, 12, 13, 14)$  using Karnaugh map.

- (b) (i) Draw a logic circuit corresponding to Boolean expression  $Y = \overline{A + BC} + B$
- (ii) Differentiate between Multiplexer and Encoder.
- (c) Show that  $G = \{1, -1, i, -i\}$  where  $i = \sqrt{-1}$ , is an abelian group with respect to multiplication as a binary operation.
- (d) Show that additive group  $\mathbb{Z}_4$  is isomorphic to the multiplicative group of non zero element of  $\mathbb{Z}_5$ .
- (e) Define permutation group. Let  $A = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5\}$ . Find  $(1\ 3)\ 0\ (2\ 4\ 5)\ 0\ (2\ 3)$ .
- (f) (i) Differentiate between semigroup and subgroup with example.
- (ii) How monoid, ring and field are related to each other.

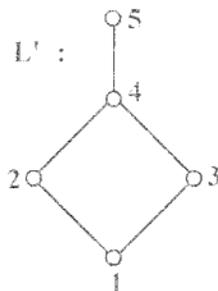
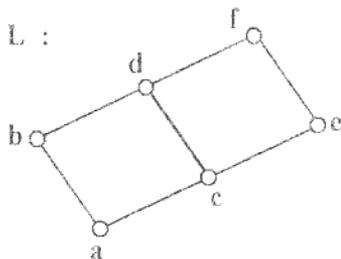
3 Attempt any **two** of the following questions :  $10 \times 2 = 20$

- (a) (i) What do you mean by Graph Isomorphism, show it by example ?
- (ii) Prove that if the graph has ' $n$ ' vertices and vertex ' $u$ ' is connected to vertex ' $w$ ' then there exists a path from ' $u$ ' to ' $w$ ' of length no more than ' $n$ '.

- (b) (i) What is Binary Search Tree ? A binary search tree  $T$  and an ITEM of information is given. Write the algorithm which finds the location of ITEM in  $T$  or inserts ITEM as a new node in the tree.
- (ii) Differentiate between Euler graph and Hamiltonian graph with examples.
- (c) (i) Which of the partially ordered sets shown are lattices ?



- (ii) Define isomorphic lattice. Show that the lattice  $L$  and  $L'$  given below are not isomorphic :



- (d) (i) If  $A = \{a, b, c\}$  prove that lattice  $[P(A); \cup, \cap]$  (under  $\subseteq$ ) is distributive when  $P(A) =$  power set of  $A$ .
- (ii)  $L$  is a bounded lattice. If  $L$  is distributive and the complement of an element  $a \in L$  exists, then show that it is unique.

4 Attempt any **two** of the following questions :  $10 \times 2 = 20$

- (a) (i) Show that

$((p \vee \sim q) \wedge (\sim p \vee \sim q)) \vee q$  is a tautology using definition.

- (ii) Define identity law, idempotent law absorption and involution law of logic.
- (iii) What do you mean by logical equivalence? Show one example of that.

- (b) (i) Use quantifiers to say that  $\sqrt{3}$  is not a rational number.

- (ii) Let  $M(x)$  be " $x$  is mammal". Let  $A(x)$  be " $x$  is an animal", Let  $W(x)$  be " $x$  is warm blooded". Translate into a formula: Every mammal is warm blooded and translate into English :

$$(\exists x) (A(x) \wedge (\sim (M(x))))$$

- (iii) Negate the proposition and show it by quantifiers : "All integers are greater than  $\theta$ ".
- (c) (i) If truth set of any proposition over universal set is defined as  $T_{p(n)} = \{a \in U / p(a) \text{ is true}\}$  then prove that

$$T_{p \leftrightarrow q} = (T_p \cap T_q) \cup (T_p^c \cap T_q)$$

$$T_{p \rightarrow q} = (T_p^c \cup T_q)$$

- (ii) For all  $n \geq 1$ ,  $n^3 + 2n$  is a multiple of 3, prove it ?
- (iii) Differentiate between Tautology and Contradiction.

5 Attempt any **two** of the following questions : **10×2=20**

- (a) (i) How many selections any number at a time, may be made from three white balls, four green balls, one red ball and one black ball, if at least one must be chosen.
- (ii) There are twelve students in the class. Find the number of ways that the twelve students take three different tests if four students are to take each test.

- (b) (i) Determine the generating function of a numeric function  $a_r$ , where

$$a_r = \begin{cases} 2^r & \text{if } r \text{ is even} \\ -2^r & \text{if } r \text{ is odd} \end{cases}$$

- (ii) Using generating function solve the recurrence relation

$$F(K) = F(K-2) + F(K-1) \quad F(0) = F(1) = 1$$

- (c) What is Recursion and Recurrence Relation ?  
Solve the following recurrence relation using initial condition as

$$s(0) = s(1) = 1$$

$$s(k) - 9s(k-1) + 8s(k-2) = 9k + 1$$