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Printed Pages—4

CH—504

(Following Paper ID and Roll No. to be filled in your Answer Book)

**PAPER ID : 9014**

Roll No.

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**B.Tech.**

FIFTH SEMESTER EXAMINATION, 2005-2006

**PROCESS DYNAMICS AND CONTROL**

Time : 3 Hours

Total Marks : 100

**Note :** (i) Attempt *ALL* questions.

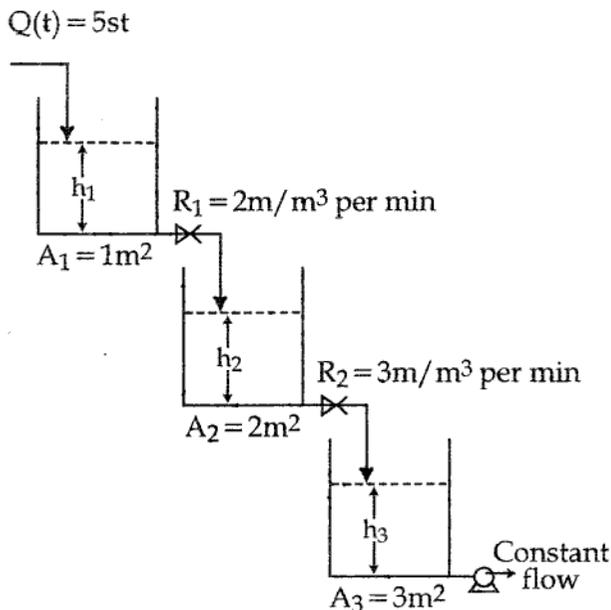
(ii) All questions carry equal marks.

(iii) Be precise in your answer.

1. Attempt *any four* parts of the following :

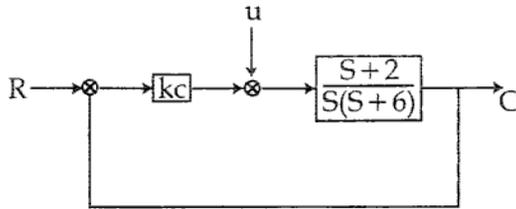
- (a) What do you understand by translation of a function? What is its application in study of dynamic behaviour of a system?
- (b) Find the inverse laplace transform of following :  
 $f(s) = 1/(s^3 + 3s^2 + 7s + 5)$
- (c) Differentiate between a negative feed back and positive feedback control system. Discuss their advantages and limitations with suitable examples.
- (d) How a mechanical displacement signal can be converted into a pneumatic signal? Discuss with the help of a suitable example.
- (e) What are the various types of roots a characteristic equation of a control system may have? How do they help in understanding the behaviour of the system?

- (f) 'The measured value of a variable can be different than the actual value of variable being measured in a dynamic system'. Justify the above statement with suitable examples.
2. Attempt *any two* parts of the following :
- How the response of a first order system depend upon time constant of the system for different kind of inputs ? Show with appropriate examples.
  - Show that a thickwalled thermometer behaves as a second order system overdamped.
  - A thermometer having first order dynamics with a time constant of two minutes is at  $80^{\circ}\text{C}$ . It is placed in a water bath at  $100^{\circ}\text{C}$  for 3 minutes and then again placed in a water bath at  $80^{\circ}\text{C}$ . Obtain an expression for thermometer reading with respect to time and find temperature shown by the thermometer at (a) 2 minutes and (b) 4 minutes.
3. Attempt *any two* parts of the following :
- Discuss the response of a second order system for a sinusoidal input. Show as to how amplitude ratio and lag vary with frequency.
  - What do you understand by the terms overshoot and decay ratio as applied to response of a second order system. Obtain the expressions for them in term of  $\tau$  and  $\xi$  ?
  - In the liquid level system shown below, the deviation in flowrate to tank 1 is an impulse function of magnitude 5. Determine the expressions for :
    - $H_1(s)$ ,  $H_2(s)$  and  $H_3(s)$
    - $H(t)$ ,  $H_2(t)$  and  $H_3(t)$



4. Attempt *any two* parts of the following :
- What are the various final control elements used in a closed loop control system? Describe the working of one of them in detail.
  - Show that by the addition of integral mode in a proportional controller, the offset is completely removed. Also enlist the limitations / disadvantages of PI controller.
  - For the control system shown below, find :
    - $C(S) / u(S)$
    - the value of  $K_c$  for which the closed loop response has a  $\xi = 3.0$

- (iii) the offset for a unit step change in  $u$  for  $K_c = 4$



5. Attempt *any two* parts of the following :

- (a) Discuss the Routh's Test for testing the stability of a control system. What other informations are obtained by Routh's theorem about the control system ?
- (b) Draw the root locus for a control system having following characteristic equation.

$$1 + \frac{k(4S + 1)}{S(S+1)(S+2)} = 0$$

- (c) Show that by substituting  $j\omega$  for  $S$  in open loop transfer function of a control system the magnitude and angle of complex number so obtained, correspond to amplitude ratio and lag.

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