

(Following Paper ID and Roll No. to be filled in your Answer Book)

**PAPER ID : 0650**

Roll No.

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**B.Tech.**

**(SEMESTER-III) THEORY EXAMINATION, 2012-13**

**FLUID FLOW AND SOLID HANDLING**

*Time : 2 Hours ]*

*[ Total Marks : 50*

**Section – A**

1. Attempt all question parts : 5 × 2 = 10
- What are the classifications of power driven machines ?
  - How fluid flow is achieved through filter ?
  - Filtration is a more efficient method for the separation of mixtures than decantation. Justify.
  - Give the equation for Angular Deformation.
  - Generically define a pump and a blower.

**Section – B**

2. Attempt any three question parts : 5 × 3 = 15
- Sketch Gyrotory crusher and explain it in detail.
  - Explain the classification of Cake Filters in detail.
  - Estimate the Reynolds number for flow in an automobile exhaust pipe if the 2-L engine is operating at 3000 rpm.
    - If the catalytic converter has four times the cross section of the exhaust pipe, how small must the channels in the converter be to get laminar flow ?
  - Classify the various types of flow meters and with a help of neat sketch discuss the working principle of a venturimeter for flow measurement.

**Section – C**

Attempt all questions.

**5 × 5 = 25**

3. Attempt any two parts :

- (a) Discuss the principle and working of Belt conveyor with the help of neat sketch.
- (b) Describe the working of Rotameter and obtain the expression for flow rate of a liquid.
- (c) Derive Bernoulli's equation applies momentum balance approach. Also discuss the limitations of Bernoulli's equation.

4. Attempt any one part :

- (a) Water is flowing through a pipe of diameter 30 cm and length 60 m connected to the base of the tank. The water level in the tank is 5 cm above the centre line of pipe. The friction factor  $f = 0.006$ . Density of water  $1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$  and viscosity of water is  $1 \text{ mN-S/m}^2$ . Determine the volumetric flow of the water.
- (b) Give the comparison of ideal and actual screens.

5. Attempt any one part.

- (a)
  - (i) Write the name of any two unit operations commonly used in chemical industry.
  - (ii) What is Sphericity ?
  - (iii) When nothing such as ideal fluid exists, what is the utility of studying flow of ideal fluids ?
  - (iv) What do you mean by vacuum pressure ?
  - (v) Give the physical significance of Reynold's number.
- (b) A rotary vacuum filter is used to filter an aqueous slurry of  $\text{CaCO}_3$  containing 236 kg of solids per  $\text{m}^3$  water (density of water =  $1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ ). If the filter cake contains 50 percent moisture (wet basis). Calculate the quantity of solids deposited in the filter per unit volume of filtrate in  $\text{kg/m}^3$ .

6. Attempt any one part :

- (a) Describe the working of reciprocating pump and obtain an expression for the work done by a pump.
- (b) Explain in detail about the working principle of Nozzle and venturi meters.

7. Attempt any two parts.

- (a) Derive an expression for Minimum Fluidization Velocity.
  - (b) Brief notes on Bubbling fluidization.
  - (c) A partial oxidation is carried out by passing air with 1.2 mole percent hydrocarbon through 40-mm tubes packed with 2 m of 3-by-3-mm cylindrical catalyst pellets. The air enters at 350 °C and 2.0 atm with a superficial velocity of 1 m/s. What is the pressure drop through the packed tubes ? How much would the pressure drop be reduced by using 4-mm pellets ? Assume  $\epsilon = 0.40$ .
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