

Paper Id: **180102**Roll No: 

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**B.TECH**  
**(SEM I) THEORY EXAMINATION 2019-20**  
**ENGINEERING MATHEMATICS-I**

**Time: 3 Hours****Total Marks: 70****Note: 1.** Attempt all Sections. If require any missing data; then choose suitably.**SECTION A****1. Attempt all questions in brief.****2 x 7 = 14**

- a. Find the median of the following data: 3000, 2180, 2785, 2500, 1560, 1782, 2200, 1385, 2123, 1222.
- b. Write the normal equations:  $y = ax^2 + bx + c$ .
- c. Define the differentiability of function at  $x = x_0$ .
- d. Find  $\frac{dy}{dx}$  for  $y = x^2 \sec x$ .
- e. Find  $\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x \partial y}$  for  $u = x^3 \log(x^2 + y^2)$ .
- f. Evaluate  $\int \sin^2 x \, dx$
- g. Define the order and degree of differential equation.

**SECTION B****2. Attempt any three of the following:****7 x 3 = 21**

- a. Find the measures of skewness for the following distribution:

x	1	3	5	7	9
f	1	4	6	4	1

- b. Find  $\frac{dy}{dx}$  for  $y = \frac{\sin x}{\log x}$ .
- c. Examine  $f(x, y) = x^3 + y^3 - 3axy$  for maximum and minimum values.
- d. Evaluate  $\int \frac{x+2}{(x+1)(x+3)} \, dx$
- e. Solve the differential equation  $3 \frac{dy}{dx} + xy = \frac{x}{y^2}$ .

**SECTION C****3. Attempt any one part of the following:****7 x 1 = 7**

- (a) By the method of least squares, find the curve  $y = ax + bx^2$  that best fits the following data:

x	1	2	3	4	5
y	1.8	5.1	8.9	14.1	19.8

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- (b) Obtain the median for the following frequency distribution:

x	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
f	8	10	11	16	20	25	15	9	6

4. Attempt any
- one*
- part of the following:

7 x 1 = 7

- (a) Find
- $\frac{dy}{dx}$
- for
- $y = \log\log\log(\tan x^2)$
- .

- (b) Show that
- $f(x)$
- given by

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} 5x - 4 & \text{if } 0 < x \leq 1 \\ 4x^3 - 3x & \text{if } 1 < x < 2 \end{cases} \text{ is continuous at } x = 1.$$

5. Attempt any
- one*
- part of the following:

7 x 1 = 7

- (a) If
- $u = f(r)$
- , where
- $r^2 = x^2 + y^2$
- , prove that
- $\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial y^2} = f''(r) + \frac{1}{r} f'(r)$
- .

- (b) If
- $u, v, w$
- are the roots of the equation
- $(\lambda - x)^3 + (\lambda - y)^3 + (\lambda - z)^3 = 0$
- in
- $\lambda$
- , find
- $\frac{\partial(u,v,w)}{\partial(x,y,z)}$
- .

6. Attempt any
- one*
- part of the following:

7 x 1 = 7

- (a) Evaluate
- $\int x^2 \sin x \, dx$
- .

- (b) Evaluate
- $\int \frac{\cos^2(\log x)}{x} \, dx$
- .

7. Attempt any
- one*
- part of the following:

7 x 1 = 7

- (a) Solve the differential equation
- $(D^2 + 4)y = \sin 3x + \cos 2x$
- .

- (b) Solve
- $(D^2 + 9)y = \tan x$
- differential equation by the method of variation of parameters.