

B TECH
(SEM II) THEORY EXAMINATION 2017-18
ENGINEERING MATHEMATICS II

Time: 3 Hours

Total Marks: 100

Note: Attempt all Sections. If require any missing data; then choose suitably.

SECTION A

1. Attempt all questions in brief. 2 x 10 = 20

- a. Find the particular integral of $(4D^2 + 4D - 3)y = e^{2x}$, where $D \equiv \frac{d}{dx}$
- b. Solve the differential equation :
 $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + y = 0$; given that $y(0) = 2$ and $y\left(\frac{\pi}{2}\right) = -2$
- c. For Bessel's function $J_n(x)$, find the value of $J_{-\frac{1}{2}}(x)$.
- d. Express x^3 in terms of Legendre's polynomials.
- e. Find the Laplace transform of $t^3 e^{-3t}$.
- f. State change of scale property of Laplace transform.
- g. Solve the following partial differential equation: $\frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial x^2} + 4 \frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial x \partial y} - 5 \frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial y^2} = 0$
- h. Find P.I. of the following partial differential equation: $4 \frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial x^2} - 4 \frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial x \partial y} + \frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial y^2} = e^{x+2y}$
- i. Write the Laplace equation in two dimensions.
- j. Classify the following partial differential equation as hyperbolic, parabolic or elliptic: $\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} + 4 \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x \partial t} - 2 \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial t^2} = 0$

SECTION B

2. Attempt any three of the following: 10 x 3 = 30

- a. Solve the following simultaneous differential equations
 $\frac{dx}{dt} = -wy, \frac{dy}{dt} = wx$.
Also show that the point (x, y) lies on a circle.
- b. For Bessel's function $J_n(x)$, prove that $xJ'_n(x) = nJ_n(x) - xJ_{n+1}(x)$
- c. Find the Laplace transform of the following periodic function with period $\frac{2\pi}{w}$:

$$F(t) = \begin{cases} \sin wt & , 0 < t \leq \frac{\pi}{w} \\ 0 & , \frac{\pi}{w} < t < \frac{2\pi}{w} \end{cases}$$

- d. Obtain the Fourier series for the function $f(x) = x^2, -\pi \leq x \leq \pi$. Also show that $\frac{1}{1^2} + \frac{1}{2^2} + \frac{1}{3^2} + \frac{1}{4^2} + \dots = \frac{\pi^2}{6}$
- e. Using the method of separation of variables, solve
 $\frac{\partial u}{\partial x} = 2 \frac{\partial u}{\partial t} + u$. Given that $u(x, 0) = 6e^{-3x}$

SECTION C

3. Attempt any *one* part of the following: 10 x 1 = 10

- (a) Apply the method of variation of parameters to solve the following differential equation: $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + y = \tan x$
 (b) Solve: $(D - 2)^2y = 8(e^{2x} + \sin 2x + x^2)$

4. Attempt any *one* part of the following: 10 x 1 = 10

- (a) Solve $(1 - x^2)y'' - xy' + 4y = 0$ in series in powers of x .
 (b) State and prove Rodrigue's formula for Legendre's polynomials.

5. Attempt any *one* part of the following: 10 x 1 = 10

- (a) Express the following function in terms of unit step function and find its Laplace transform: $F(t) = \begin{cases} 2 & \text{if } 0 < t < \pi \\ 0 & \text{if } \pi < t < 2\pi \\ \sin t & \text{if } t > 2\pi \end{cases}$
 (b) Evaluate by using convolution theorem: $L^{-1} \left\{ \frac{1}{p(p^2 - a^2)} \right\}$

6. Attempt any *one* part of the following: 10 x 1 = 10

- (a) Find the Fourier half range cosine series for the function:

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} 1, & 0 < x < \frac{\pi}{2} \\ 0, & \frac{\pi}{2} < x < \pi \end{cases}$$

- (b) Find the general solution of $x(z^2 - y^2)p + y(x^2 - z^2)q = z(y^2 - x^2)$ where $p \equiv \frac{\partial z}{\partial x}$ and $q \equiv \frac{\partial z}{\partial y}$.

7. Attempt any *one* part of the following: 10 x 1 = 10

- (a) The vibrations of an elastic string are governed by the partial differential equation $\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} = \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial t^2}$. The length of the string is π and the ends are fixed. The initial velocity is zero and the initial deflection is $u(x, 0) = 2(\sin x + \sin 3x)$. Find the deflection $u(x, t)$ of the vibrating string for $t > 0$.
 (b) Find the temperature in a bar of length l , whose ends $x = 0$ and $x = l$ are kept at zero temperature, if the initial temperature of the bar is $f(x)$.