

**B.Tech**  
**(SEM II) THEORY EXAMINATION 2018-19**  
**BASIC ELECTRONICS**

Time: 3 Hours

Total Marks: 70

Note: 1. Attempt all Sections. If require any missing data; then choose suitably.

## SECTION A

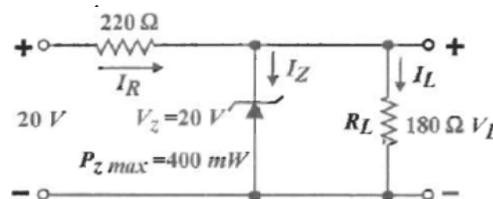
1. Attempt *all* questions in brief. 2 x 7 = 14

- a) What are Varactor (Varicap) Diodes? Describe their function
- b) Why Si is preferred over Ge for manufacturing of electronic devices.
- c) Define Op-Amp and Draw its block diagram.
- d) Explain the Emitter-Follower Configuration.
- e) Describe the working principle of a CRT.
- f) Explain ohmic region and pinch off condition of the JFET.
- g) Explain the need of modulation in communication.

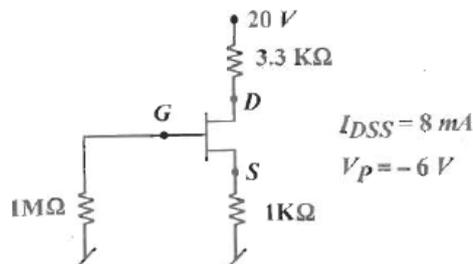
## SECTION B

2. Attempt any *three* of the following: 7 x 3 = 21

- a) Differentiate between clipper and clamper circuits. Determine  $V_L$ ,  $I_L$ ,  $I_Z$  and  $I_R$  for the following circuit.



- b) Explain the meaning and significance of the various currents and voltages  $V_{GS}$ ,  $I_D$ ,  $V_{DS}$ ,  $V_D$ ,  $V_G$ ,  $V_S$  and determine the values of each for the following circuit.



- c) Explain the difference between common mode and differential mode of op-amp. Determine the output voltage of an op-amp for input voltages of  $V_{i1} = 150 \mu V$ ,  $V_{i2} = 140 \mu V$ . The amplifier has a differential gain of  $A_d = 4000$  and the value of CMRR is 100.
- d) Explain the working principle of a Digital Storage Oscilloscope (DSO). Give a comparison of DSO with Analog Oscilloscope and state some advantages and applications of Digital Storage Oscilloscope.

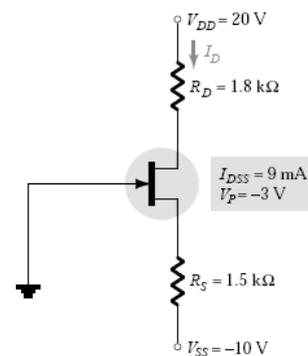
- e) Describe the various analog modulation techniques. For a frequency modulated wave having the equation,  $V = 5 \sin (5000 + 2 \sin 1000t)$ . Calculate the carrier frequency.

## SECTION C

3. Attempt any *one* part of the following: 7 x 1 = 7
- (a) Explain working and characteristics of Tunnel diode with the help of neat diagram. Explain how a Tunnel diode is different from a simple p-n junction diode.
- (b) Explain the structure, principle of operation and function of Liquid-Crystal Displays. State some advantages and applications of Liquid-Crystal Displays.

4. Attempt any *one* part of the following: 7 x 1 = 7

- (a) Explain the working principle of enhanced type MOSFET. Also write advantage of MOSFET over JFET.
- (b) For the *n*-channel depletion-type MOSFET of the following figure determine:
- $I_{DQ}$  and  $V_{GSQ}$ .
  - $V_{DS}$ .
  - $V_D$ .
  - $V_S$ .



5. Attempt any *one* part of the following: 7 x 1 = 7

- (a) Derive an expression for integrator using op-amp. Draw output of integrator when input is sine-wave i.e.  $V_{in} = A \sin \omega t$ .
- (b) Explain the various op-amp parameters: Input offset voltage, Output offset voltage, Input biased current, and Input offset current.

6. Attempt any *one* part of the following: 7 x 1 = 7

- (a) Describe the Block Diagram and principle of operation of a simple Cathode Ray Oscilloscope. Explain how Measurement of voltage, current phase and frequency can be done using a CRO.
- (b) Explain with the help of a neat diagram, working principle and characteristics curve of Ramp type digital voltmeter.

7. Attempt any *one* part of the following: 7 x 1 = 7

- (a) Define Amplitude modulation. Derive the expression for AM modulated waveform. Define modulation index of AM.
- (b) Describe the Electromagnetic spectrum and state some of the typical applications in the communication engineering field.