

(Following Paper ID and Roll No. to be filled in your Answer Book)

PAPER ID : 9928
9914

Roll No.

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B.Tech.

SECOND SEMESTER EXAMINATION, 2005-2006

CHEMISTRY

Time : 3 Hours

Total Marks : 100

- Note :**
- (i) Attempt **ALL** questions.
 - (ii) All questions carry equal marks.
 - (iii) In case of numerical problems assume data wherever not provided.
 - (iv) Be precise in your answer.

1. Attempt **any four** parts of the following : (5x4=20)
- (a) With the help of molecular orbital diagram, explain, why hydrogen forms diatomic molecule, while helium remains monoatomic.
 - (b) Explain, why o-nitrophenol can be separated from p-nitrophenol by steam distillation.
 - (c) Discuss the electrical conductivity of solids based on 'band theory'.
 - (d) An element crystallises into a structure which may be described by a cubic type of unit cell having one atom on each corner of the cube and two atoms on one of its diagonal. If the volume of the unit cell is $24 \times 10^{-24} \text{ cm}^3$ and density of the element is 7.2 gm cm^{-3} , calculate the number of atoms present in 100 gm of the crystal.

- (e) Explain the preparation, properties and application of fullerene.
- (f) Calculate the limiting radius-ratio for trigonal solids.
2. Attempt *any two* parts of the following : (10x2=20)
- (a) Explain the NMR spectrum of $\text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\text{OH}$ molecule. What is spin-spin coupling, explain with the help of splitted signals of the above molecule ?
- (b) (i) What are necessary conditions required for a molecule to absorb IR radiation ?
- (ii) Discuss the possible electronic transitions in the ultraviolet region, giving examples.
- (c) State the differences between addition and condensation polymerisation

OR

Give the structure and application of any two of the following polymers.

- (i) Methyl methacrylate
- (ii) Buna - S
- (iii) Nylon - 6
3. Attempt *any four* parts of the following : (5x4=20)
- (a) Explain SN^1 reactions, with example.
- (b) Write the mechanism of following reactions
- (i) Aldol condensation
- (ii) Hofmann rearrangement
- (c) Describe the different conformations of n-butane with energy diagrams

(d) Write short note on :

- (i) Meso compounds
 - (ii) Racemisation
- (e) Explain with example the E-Z nomenclature of organic compounds
- (f) Explain the structure of :
- (i) Carbonium ion
 - (ii) Free radical

4. Attempt *any two* parts of the following : (10x2=20)

- (a) Derive the rate equation for a second order chemical reaction. The specific rate constant for the decomposition of formic acid is $5.5 \times 10^{-4} \text{ sec}^{-1}$ at 413 K. Calculate the specific rate constant at 458 K if the energy of activation is $2.37 \times 10^4 \text{ cal mol}^{-1}$.
- (b) Define phase, component and degree of freedom as applied to phase rule. Explain the application of phase rule to water system.
- (c) Explain the mechanism of hydrogen evolution and oxygen absorption in electrochemical corrosion.

5. Attempt *any two* parts of the following : (10x2=20)

- (a) (i) Calculate the amount of lime and soda required to soften 20,000 litre of water having following analysis
- Ca (HCO₃)₂ = 3.50 ppm, Mg(HCO₃)₂ = 6.28 ppm
CaSO₄ = 3.92 ppm MgCl₂ = 2.9 ppm MgSO₄ = 7.4 ppm
- (ii) Explain the reverse osmosis process for softening of saline water.

- (b) With the help of neat sketch, explain construction, principle and working of a bomb calorimeter. Why there is difference in net and gross calorific value of a fuel ?
- (c) (i) What are the pollutants responsible for acid rain ? (Give chemical equation) What are its deleterious effects on material and terrestrial ecosystem ?
- (ii) What is the effect of ozone layer depletion ? How does it occur ?

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