

Paper Id: **180101**

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B TECH
(SEM I) THEORY EXAMINATION, 2019-20
BASIC MATHEMATICS-I

Time: 3 Hours

Total Marks: 100

Note: 1. Attempt all Sections. If require any missing data; then choose suitably.

SECTION A

1. Attempt all questions in brief. 2 x 10 = 20

Qno.	Question	Marks	CO
a.	Find the median of the following data: 2000, 1180, 1785, 1500, 560, 782, 1200, 385, 1123, 222.	2	1
b.	Write the normal equations: $y = a + bx + cx^2$.	2	1
c.	Define the continuity of function at $x = x_0$.	2	2
d.	Find $\frac{dy}{dx}$ for $y = x^2 \operatorname{cosec} x$.	2	2
e.	Find $\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x \partial y}$ for $u = x^2 \log(x^2 + y^2)$.	2	3
f.	Evaluate $\int \sin^3 x \, dx$	2	3
g.	Evaluate $\int \frac{1}{1 + \sin x} \, dx$.	2	4
h.	Find $\frac{dy}{dx}$ of $y = \log(\sec x)$	2	4
i.	Find the order and degree of differential equation $\frac{d^2 y}{dx^2} + y = \left(\frac{dy}{dx}\right)^2$.	2	5
j.	Find the complementary function $(D^2 + a^2)x = 0$ where $D \equiv \frac{d}{dt}$.	2	5

SECTION

2. Attempt any three of the following: 3 x 10 = 30

Qno.	Question	Marks	CO																
a.	Find the mode from the following data: <table border="1" style="width: 100%; margin: 5px 0;"> <tr> <td style="width: 10%;">Age</td> <td style="width: 10%;">0-6</td> <td style="width: 10%;">6-12</td> <td style="width: 10%;">12-18</td> <td style="width: 10%;">18-24</td> <td style="width: 10%;">24-30</td> <td style="width: 10%;">30-36</td> <td style="width: 10%;">36-42</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Frequ-ency</td> <td>6</td> <td>11</td> <td>25</td> <td>35</td> <td>18</td> <td>12</td> <td>6</td> </tr> </table>	Age	0-6	6-12	12-18	18-24	24-30	30-36	36-42	Frequ-ency	6	11	25	35	18	12	6	10	1
Age	0-6	6-12	12-18	18-24	24-30	30-36	36-42												
Frequ-ency	6	11	25	35	18	12	6												
b.	If $\sqrt{1+y} + y\sqrt{1+x} = 0$ and $x \neq y$, prove that $\frac{dy}{dx} = -\frac{1}{(x+1)^2}$.	10	2																
c.	Show that of all the rectangles inscribed in a given circle, the square has the maximum area.	10	3																
d.	Evaluate $\int x \tan^{-1} x \, dx$.	10	4																
e.	Solve $(D^2 + 2D + 1)y = x \sin x$; $D \equiv \frac{d}{dx}$.	10	5																

SECTION C

3. Attempt any one part of the following: 1 x 10 = 10

Qno.	Question	Marks	CO																		
a.	Calculate Karl Pearson's Coefficient of skewness from the table given below. <table border="1" style="width: 100%; margin: 5px 0;"> <tr> <td style="width: 10%;">Wages of day</td> <td style="width: 10%;">55-58</td> <td style="width: 10%;">58-61</td> <td style="width: 10%;">61-64</td> <td style="width: 10%;">64-67</td> <td style="width: 10%;">6</td> </tr> <tr> <td>No. of workers</td> <td>12</td> <td>17</td> <td>23</td> <td>18</td> <td>1</td> </tr> </table>	Wages of day	55-58	58-61	61-64	64-67	6	No. of workers	12	17	23	18	1	10	1						
Wages of day	55-58	58-61	61-64	64-67	6																
No. of workers	12	17	23	18	1																
b.	Fit a parabola $y = ax^2 + bx + c$ to the following data: <table border="1" style="width: 100%; margin: 5px 0;"> <tr> <td style="width: 5%;">x</td> <td style="width: 5%;">2</td> <td style="width: 5%;">3</td> <td style="width: 5%;">5</td> <td style="width: 5%;">7</td> <td style="width: 5%;">11</td> <td style="width: 5%;">13</td> <td style="width: 5%;">17</td> <td style="width: 5%;">19</td> </tr> <tr> <td>y</td> <td>3</td> <td>5</td> <td>7</td> <td>11</td> <td>13</td> <td>17</td> <td>19</td> <td>23</td> </tr> </table>	x	2	3	5	7	11	13	17	19	y	3	5	7	11	13	17	19	23	10	1
x	2	3	5	7	11	13	17	19													
y	3	5	7	11	13	17	19	23													

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4. Attempt any one part of the following: 1 x 10 = 10

Qno.	Question	Marks	CO
a.	Find $\frac{dx}{dt}$ of $x = t^{t^t}$.	10	2
b.	Show that $f(x)$ given by $f(x) = \begin{cases} 5x - 4 & \text{if } 0 < x \leq 1 \\ 4x^3 - 3x & \text{if } 1 < x < 2 \end{cases}$ is continuous at $x = 1$.	10	2

5. Attempt any one part of the following: 1 x 10 = 10

Qno.	Question	Marks	CO
a.	If $u = f(r)$, where $r^2 = x^2 + y^2$, prove that $\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial y^2} = f''(r) + \frac{1}{r} f'(r)$.	10	3
b.	If u, v, w are the roots of the equation $(\lambda - x)^3 + (\lambda - y)^3 + (\lambda - z)^3 = 0$ in λ , find $\frac{\partial(u,v,w)}{\partial(x,y,z)}$.	10	3

6. Attempt any one part of the following: 1 x 10 = 10

Qno.	Question	Marks	CO
a.	Evaluate $\int \frac{x^3}{(x-4)(x-5)} dx$.	10	4
b.	Evaluate $\int \frac{\sec^4 x}{\sqrt{\tan x}} dx$.	10	4

7. Attempt any one part of the following: 1 x 10 = 10

Qno.	Question	Marks	CO
a.	Solve $(x - y)dx - dy = 0; y(0) = 2$.	10	5
b.	Solve $(D^2 - 1)y = \cosh x \cdot \cos x; D = \frac{d}{dx}$.	10	5