

**B ARCH**  
**(SEM II) THEORY EXAMINATION 2017-18**  
**HISTORY OF ARCHITECTURE-I**

Time: 3 Hours

Total Marks: 100

Note:

- Read instructions carefully, attempt accordingly.
- All sections are compulsory.
- Support your answer with neat sketches

**SECTION – A**

**1. Attempt all questions. All questions carry equal marks**

**(10 X 2= 20)**

- a. Define the term Mesolithic.
- b. Explain why in Egypt tombs were constructed on west side of Nile,
- c. What is a Ziggurat?
- d. Sketch the Doric capital.
- e. What is afrieze?
- f. List the different types of Roman Orders.
- g. Name the Forums of Ancient Rome.
- h. Explain the term ‘Agora’.
- i. How are Egyptian tombs classified?
- j. Name the classic orders evolved by Romans

**SECTION – B**

**2. Attempt any five questions. All questions carry equal marks.**

**(5X10=50)**

- a. “The basic form of the triumphal arch is particularly roman architectural unit”. Support the statement mentoring an example Mention the optical corrections given to the eastern side (front elevation) of Parthenon Athens.
- b. How was the political structure in Sumerian culture during the ancient civilization?
- c. State the reasons for the evolution of Ziggurat.
- d. Sketch the sections of ‘Mastaba’ and name all parts.
- e. Describe the changes that took place in the life and culture of Neolithic man.
- f. Bring out any two differences between Doric order and Corinthian order of Classical Greek.
- g. “Forum of Rome was similar to the agora of Greek”. Compare

**SECTION – C**

**3. Attempt any three questions. All questions carry equal marks.**

**(2X 15= 30)**

- a. “Life after death” was a strong philosophy in Ancient Egypt. Substantiate the statement citing Great Pyramid of Cheops GIZEH as example.
- b. Highlight planning and construction of palaces of Persepolis by various rulers and discuss the architectural features of two of its halls within the palaces.
- c. Outline the architectural significance of the ‘Pantheon’ Rome